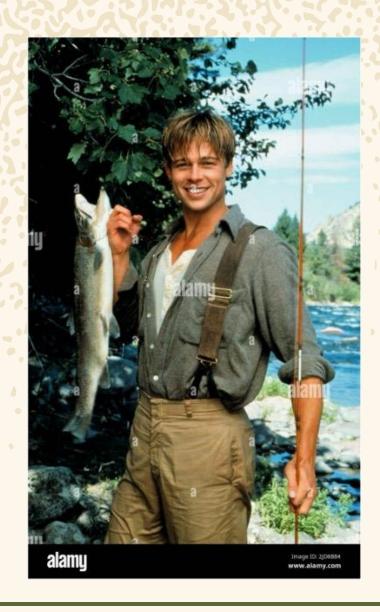


Montana Stream Access Law

"What's love got to do with it?"

The example of the Blackfoot River







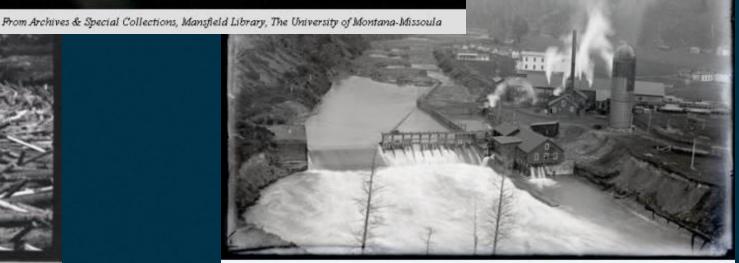
Historically, the Blackfoot was a heavily industrialized river - logging, hardrock mining, grazing...all took their toll on the fish.







From Archives & Special Collections, Mansfield Library, The University of Montana-Missoula



From Archives & Special Collections, Mansfield Library, The University of Montana-Missoula

Mike Horse Mine cleanup



Before



After





Montana Stream Access Law

"What's love got to do with it?"



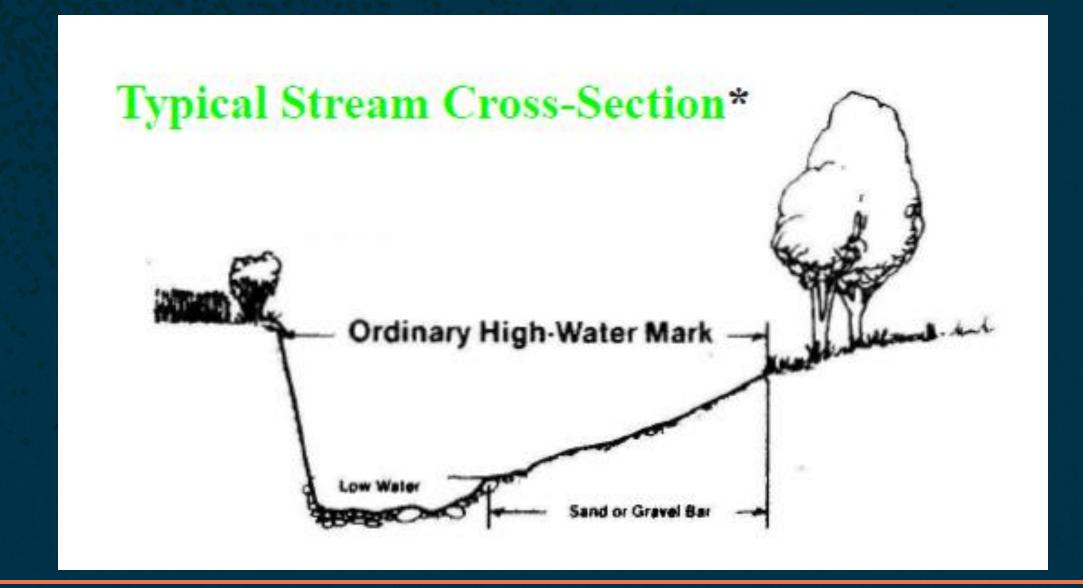
Public water, private land



All surface water in Montana is a public resource held in trust by the State, while most of the mainstem rivers in the state run through private land.

What is "ordinary high-water mark?"





Has the MT Stream Access Law helped build a constituency for conservation?



Water



 Increased support for river-friendly flow modifications on federal and state dams, and natural storage of water in BDAs, wetlands, and floodplains.

Fish



 Increased trout habitat restoration projects on public and private land with funding from public and private sources.

People



· Following passage of MT Stream Access Law, TU volunteer chapters in the state have grown membership, fundraising, and stewardship activities.

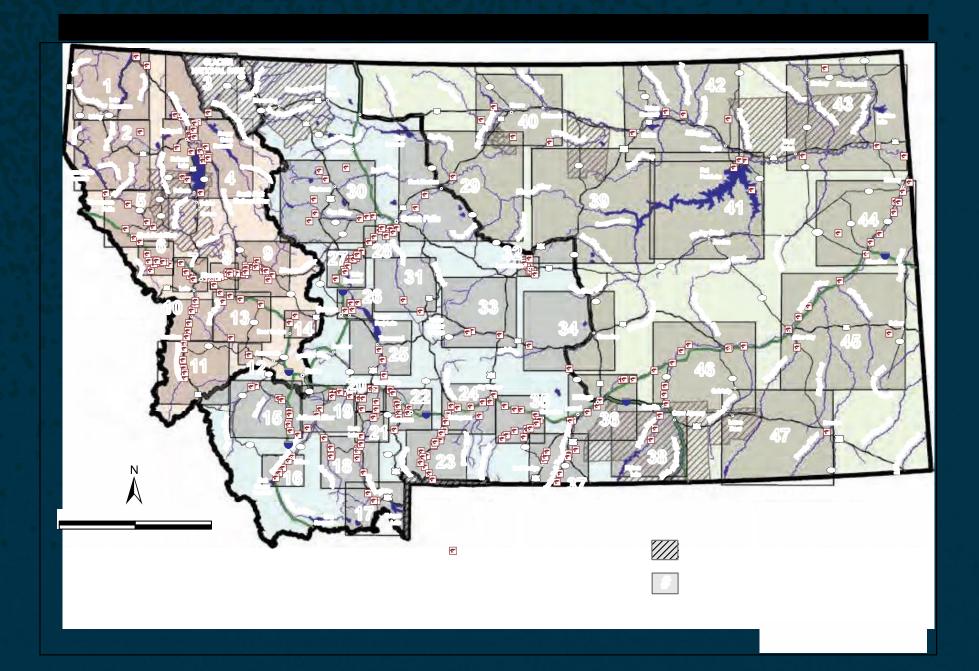




REMOVE MILLTOWN DAM. RESTORE THE RIVER.

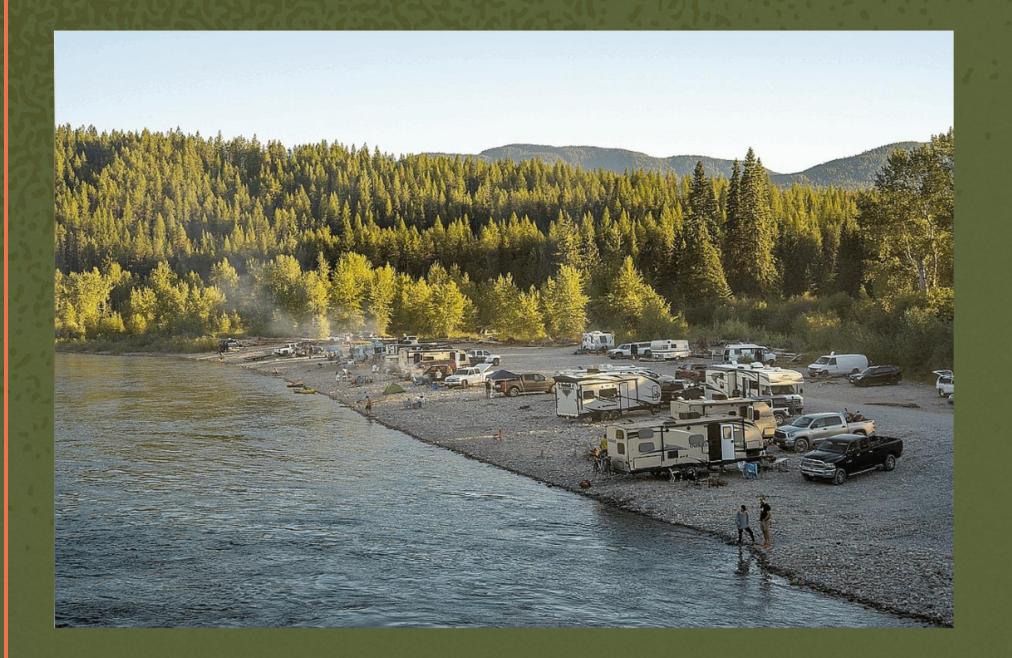
Milltown dam removal, part of the largest Superfund cleanup in U.S. history, garnered more than 10,000 supportive public comments, a Superfund record.





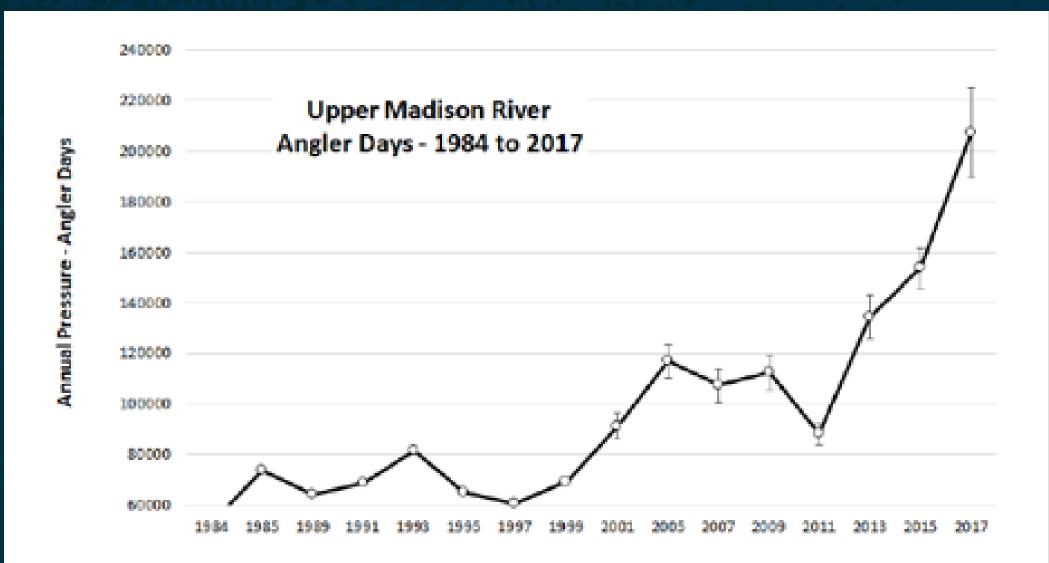






Are we loving it to death?







Thank you!

The lam happy to hear questions, thoughts...or invitations to float a Washington river.